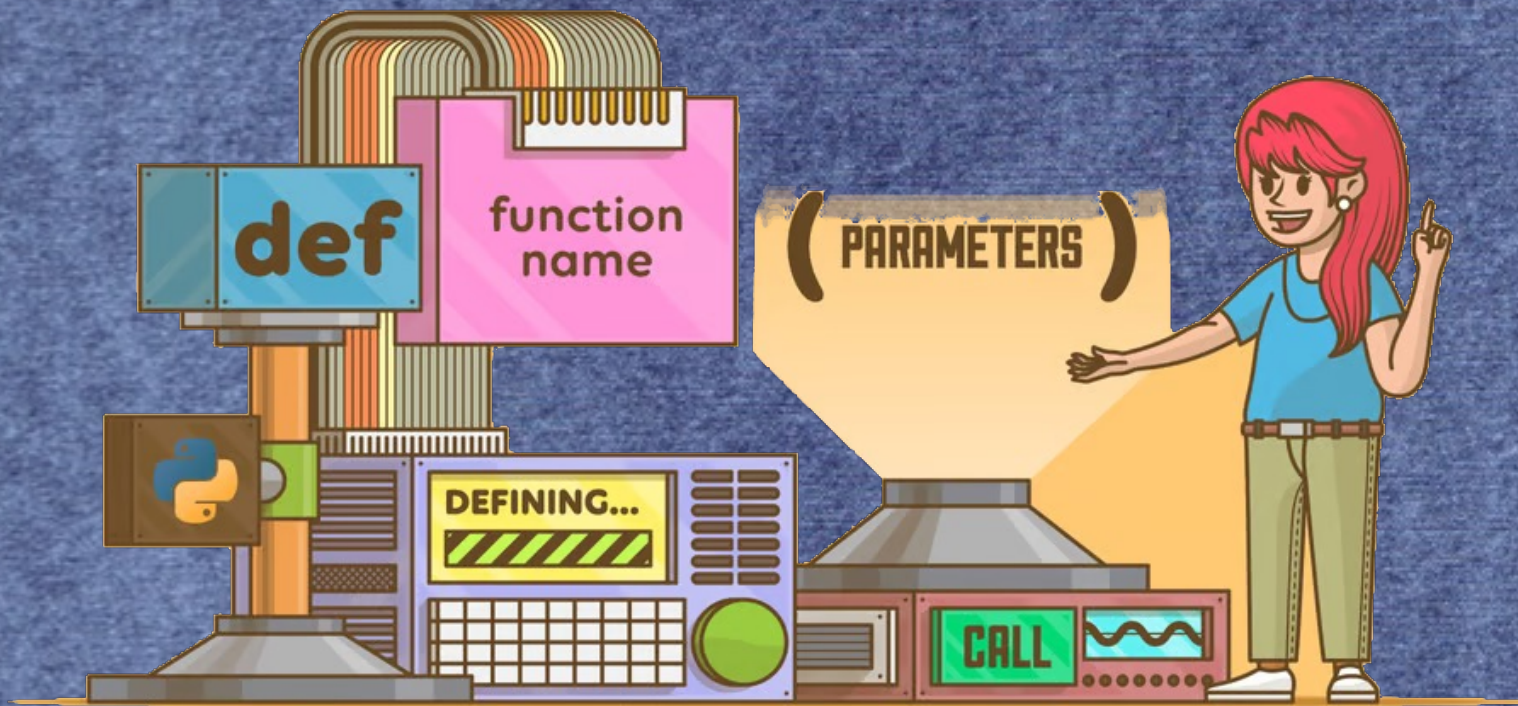


Functions



Functions

- What are functions?
- Syntax
- Calling
- Parameters
- Return values
- Variable Scope

Functions

- Named sequence of statements that belong together
- Primary purpose
 - organize programs into chunks
 - that match how we think about problem solution

Functions

.Compound Statement

- consists of one or several statements
- : used to indicate beginning
- indentation

```
def name( parameters ):  
    statements
```

Function Syntax

```
def name( parameters ):  
    statements
```

Function Example

```
def drawSquare():                #function definition
    tess.forward(120)
    tess.left(90)
    tess.forward(120)
    tess.left(90)
    tess.forward(120)
    tess.left(90)
    tess.forward(120)
    tess.left(90)
```

```
drawSquare()                    # function call
```

Function Example

```
def drawSquare():           #function definition
    for side in range(4):
        tess.forward(120)
        tess.left(90)
```

```
drawSquare()                # function call
```

You Try It

- modify rotateSquare.py to use a function to draw one of the squares

```
def drawSquare():                #function definition
    for side in range(4):
        tess.forward(120)
        tess.left(90)
```

```
drawSquare()                    # function call
```

Function Parameter Example

```
def drawSquare(sideLength):      #function definition
    for side in range(4):
        tess.forward(sideLength)
        tess.left(90)

tess.speed(0)

for square in range(36):
    drawSquare(150)              # function call
    tess.color("blue")
    tess.left(5)
```

Function Parameter Example

```
import turtle
```

```
wn=turtle.Screen()
```

```
alex = turtle.Turtle()
```

```
tess = turtle.Turtle()
```

```
def drawSquare(turtle, sideLength):           # function definition
```

```
    for side in range(4):
```

```
        turtle.forward(sideLength)
```

```
        turtle.left(90)
```

```
drawSquare(alex, 150)                          # function call
```

```
drawSquare(tess, 300)
```

```
wn.exitonclick()
```

Function Return Example

```
def square(x):  
    y = x * x  
    return y
```

```
toSquare = 10
```

```
squareResult = square(toSquare)
```

```
print("The result of ", toSquare, " squared is ", squareResult)
```

You Try It

- write and test a function that calculates the area of a circle (πr^2) and returns the result

write and test a function that calculates the area of a circle (πr^2)

```
def circleArea(radius):  
    area = 3.14 * radius * radius  
    return area
```

```
radius = int(input('the radius is: '))
```

```
area = circleArea(radius)
```

```
print("The area of a circle of radius", radius, " is ", area)
```

Function Variable Scope

- variables and parameters are **local**
- functions can access **global** variables
 - but it is generally not good form

Function Variable Scope

```
def square():  
    y = x * x  
    return y
```

```
x = 10  
z = square()
```

```
print(z)  
print(x)
```

Function Variable Scope

```
def square(x):  
    y = x * x  
    x = 5  
    return y
```

```
x = 10  
z = square(x)
```

```
print(z)  
print(x)
```

Function Variable Scope

- variables and parameters are **local**
- functions can access **global** variables
 - but it is generally not good form

Function Review

- What are functions?

- Syntax

```
def name( parameters ):
    statements
    return
```

- Calling

- Parameters

- Return values

- Variable Scope



Superbly Excellent!



